# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034 

B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION - COMMERCE

SIXTH SEMESTER - APRIL 2023

## 16/17/18UCO6MCO1 - MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Date: 29-04-2023 $\square$

Part A
Answer ALL questions 10X2=20

1) What is marginal costing?
2) Write a short note on ratio analysis?
3) How do you define the term budget?
4) What is variance analysis?
5) Write a short note cash flow statement?
6) How does marginal costing differ from absorption costing?
7) What is the current ratio?
8) How do you define a flexible budget?
9) Write a short note on direct cost?
10) What is a profit and loss statement?

## PART B <br> Answer any FOUR questions 4X10=40

11) Enumerate the notable attributes of Management Accounting.
12) Contrast management accounting with financial accounting.
13) Elaborate on the merits of employing Marginal Costing.
14) An automobile manufacturing company finds that the cost of making Part No. 208 in its own workshop is`6 .The same part is available in the market at` 5.60 with an assurance of continuous supply. The cost data to make the part are

| Material | 2 <br> Direct Labour |
| :--- | :---: |
| Other variable Expenses |  <br> Fixed cost allocated |

a) Should the part be made or bought?
b) Will your answer be different if the market price is ` 4.60

Show your calculations clearly.
15) The following are the summarised balance sheet of Aparna Ltd as at $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2010. Prepares Schedule of changes in working capital.

| Liabilities | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}^{{f309e2ba8-384b-4135-aad0-5dec45dc02f9}}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}^{`}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital : |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity shares | $1,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ | Fixed assets | 95,000 | $1,20,000$ |
| Preference shares | ---- | 50,000 | Investments | ------ | 10,000 |
| General reserves | 30,000 | 40,000 | Current assets : |  |  |
| Profit and loss a/c | 25,000 | 70,000 | Stock | 40,000 | 60,000 |
| Current liabilities |  |  | Debtor | 20,000 | 40,000 |
| Creditors | 20,000 | 10,000 | B/R | 5,000 | 2,000 |
| Bills payable | ---- | 2,000 | Prepaid expenses | 5,000 | 18,000 |
| Overdraft | 3,000 | ----- | Cash | 20,000 | 10,000 |
| Taxation provision | 7,000 | 12,000 | Advance | 10,000 | 40,000 |
| Proposed dividend | 10,000 | 16,000 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,95000 | $3,00,000$ |  | 1,95000 | $3,00,000$ |

From the following information calculate MCV,MMV,MUV,MPV,MYV

Material

## A

B 400
C $\quad \underline{300}$
1200
Normal loss 10\%
$\underline{120}$
1080

## Actual

Quantity unit Price` $400 \quad 6$ $500 \quad 3.60$
17) From the following details find out
a) Current assets
b) Current liabilities
c) Liquid assets
d) Stock

Current Ratio
2.5

Liquid Ratio $\quad 1.5$
Working Capital `90,000

400
1300 $\underline{220}$
Price ${ }^{`}$
6
3.75

3
Actual loss
1080

## PART C <br> Answer any TWO questions $2 \times 20=40$

18) With the following ratios and further information given below, prepare a Trading, Profit\& Loss Account and Balance Sheet.
Gross profit ratio 25\%

Net profit ratio $20 \%$
Stock turnover ratio 10
Net capital/Capital $1 / 5$
Capital to total Liabilities $1 / 2$
Fixed assets/capital 5/4
Fixed assets /total current assets 5/7
Fixed assets

- 10,00,000

Closing stock

- $1,00,000$

19) The cost of an article at a capacity level of 10000 units is given under. For a variation in capacity above or below this level, the individual expenses vary as indicated in B below

|  | A | B |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Material Cost | 50000 | $100 \%$ varying |
| Labour Cost | 30000 | $100 \%$ varying |
| Power | 3000 | $80 \%$ varying |
| Repairs and maintenance | 3500 | $80 \%$ varying |


| Stores | 2000 | $100 \%$ varying |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Inspection | 800 | $25 \%$ varying |
| Depreciation | 10000 | $100 \%$ varying |
| Administrative overhead | 3600 | $25 \%$ varying |
|  |  |  |
| Selling overhead | 4500 | $50 \%$ varying |
| Total | 107400 |  |
| Cost per unit | 10.74 |  |

Find out the unit cost of the product under each individual expenses at production level of 8000 units and 12000 units
20) The following are the comparative Balance Sheets of Good Luck co.as at $31^{\text {st }}$ December

| Liabilities | $2009^{{f8728159f-7679-473a-a2f9-c7c93e6eb218}}$ | Assets | $20099^{{f814e435e-3fe6-435a-a129-03ea8d2e1132}}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Share capital | $10,00,000$ | $11,00,000$ | Good will | 50,000 | 40,000 |
| Debentures | $5,00,000$ | $3,00,000$ |  <br> Building | $4,20,000$ | $6,60,000$ |
| General reserve | $2,00,000$ | $2,00,000$ | Plant and <br> machinery | $6,00,000$ | $8,00,000$ |
| Profit and loss <br> account | $1,10,000$ | $1,90,000$ | Stock | $2,50,000$ | $2,10,000$ |
| Income tax <br> provision | 40,000 | $1,10,000$ | Debtors | $3,00,000$ | $2,40,000$ |
| Creditors | 50,000 | 40,000 | Cash | $3,00,000$ | 24,000 |
| Bills payable | 20,000 | 30,000 | Preliminary <br> expenses | 30,000 | 20,000 |
| Provision for <br> doubtful debts | 30,000 | 24,000 |  |  |  |
|  | $19,50,000$ | $19,94,000$ |  | $19,50,000$ | $19,94,000$ |

Additional information
a) During the year 2010, a part of the machinery costing `7500 (accumulated depreciation there on being` 2500 was sold for ` 3000 b) Dividend for \({ }^{`} 1,00,000\) was paid during the year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2010
c) Income tax ${ }^{`} 50,000$ was paid during the year 2010
d) Depreciation for the year 2010 was provided as follow s

Land and building `10,000 Plant and machinery` 50,000
You are required to prepare:
i. Schedule of changes in working capital
ii. A statement showing the sources and applications of fund.
21) A group of workers normally consist of 30 men, 15 women, and 10 boys . They are paid a standard hourly rates as under:
Men `0.80 Women` 0.60
Boys ` 0.40 In a normal working week of 40 hours, the group is expected to produce 2,000 units of output. During the week ended \(31^{\text {st }}\) December the group consisted of 40 men, 10 women and 5 boys. The actual wages were paid @` 0.70 , `0.65 and` 0.30 respectively. 4 hours were lost due to abnormal idle time and 1600 units were produced. Calculate Labour Variance.


